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PERMITTING & COMPLIANCE

Montana Department of Environmental Quality

WATER PROTECTION BUREAU

Agency Use
Permit No.:
Date Rec'd
Amount Rec'd
Check No.
Rec'd By

FORM
NMP

Nutrient Management Plan

READ THIS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM: Before completing this form (Form NMP), Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation (CAFO) operators need to read the General Permit, particularly Part IV.A. CAFO operators also need to read the "Instructions For Filling Out Form NMP," found at the back of the Form. Form NMP is intended to help CAFO operators develop a site-specific Nutrient Management Plan, in compliance with Part IV.A of the General Permit and all applicable State rules and statutes. Your Nutrient Management Plan must be maintained at the site as required in Part III of the General Permit. Sections B and C on your Form NMP must state the information exactly the same way as it was stated on the most recently submitted version of your Form 2B. Attach additional pages as necessary, indicating the corresponding section number on this NMP form. For additional help in filling out this form please read the attached instructions. The 2008 General Permit, current fee schedule, and related forms are available from the Water Protection Bureau at (406) 444-3080 or http://www.deq.mt.gov/wqinfo/MPDES/CAFO.asp

Section A - NMP Status *(Check one):*

☒ New — No prior NMP submitted for this site.

☐ Modification — Change or update to existing NMP.

Permit Number: MT $\underline{\text{S010249}}$ (Specify the permit number that was previously assigned to your facility.)

Section B - Facility or Site Information:

Site Name DEAN AND KAREN WANG RANCH

Site Location 199 YELLOWBRICK ROAD, T6N,R59E, NE¼NE¼ SECTION 4

Nearest City or Town BAKER MT County FALLON

Section C - Applicant (Owner/Operator) Information:

Owner or Operator Name DEAN AND KAREN WANG

Mailing Address PO BOX 702

City, State, and Zip Code BAKER MT 59313

Phone Number (406) 778-3382 (WORK) 406-778-3672 (HOME)

Section D - NMP Minimum Elemen

1. Livestock Statistics

1. CATTLE - STEER CALVES 350 HD 500#	55 DAYS - 9/1 TO 10/25	510 TONS
2.	350 X 55 DAMS X 53#÷ 2000	
3. CATTLE - HEIFER CALVES 100 HD 450#	55 DAYS - 9/1 TO 10/25	132 TONS
4.	100 X 55 X 48# ÷ 2000	
5. CATTLE - HEIFER CALVES 450 HD 550#	60 DAYS - 10/26 TO 12/25	810 TONS
6.	450 X 60 X 60# ÷ 2000	
7. CATTLE - HEIFER CALVES 450 HD 625#	60 DAYS - 4/1 TO 6/1	931 TONS
8.	450 X 60 X 69 ÷ 2000	

Method used for estimating annual manure production: Table 2373

PAGE 13 & 14 DEQ 9 TABLE 1, DEQ 9, PAGE 13

2. Manure Handling

Describe manure handling at the facility:

BACKGROUNDING LOT WITH CONCRETE APRONS AND FENCELINE FEEDBUNKS. SCRAPE AND SPREAD ON ADJACENT FIELDS ANNUALLY, SCRAPING COMPLETED WITH FRONT END LOADERS AND SKID STEER LOADERS. SPREADERS ARE TRUCK MOUNTED. COMMERCIAL SIZE.

Frequency of Manure Removal from confinement areas:

ANNUALLY, SUMMER OR EARLY FALL. CUSTOM FEEDLOT CLEANERS ARE HIRED TO SCRAPE PENS AND SPREAD ON THE FIELDS WITH SPREADER TURCKS.

Is this manure temporarily stored in any location other than the confinement area? ☐ Yes ☒ No

If so then how and where?

Is manure stored on impervious surface? ☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, describe type and characteristics of this surface:

3. Waste Control Structures PROPOSED - PER ATTACHED DIAGRAM				
Waste Control Structure (Name/Type)	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Depth (ft)	Volume (cubic ft or gallons)
1. FILTER STRIP - NORTH LOT	140	300		
2. CONSTRUCTION PER MT NRCS	FILTER STRIP SPEC #393			
3. GROUND SHAPING < 3% SLOPE				
4. FILTER STRIP SOUTH LOT	180	670		
5.				
6. CHANNEL CLEAN WATER TO THE SOUTH FROM BUILDINGS RATHER THAN ALLOWING IT				
7. TO FLOW WEST THROUGH THE SOUTH LOT.				
8.				
9.				
10.				
11.				
12.				

4. Disposal of Dead Animals

Describe how dead animals are disposed of at this facility:

DEAD ANIMALS ARE BURIED AS SOON AFTER DEATH AS POSSIBLE, AT LOCATION "X" IN SECTION 4, T6N R59E. THE TOPOGRAPHY IS RAISED AND LEVEL. NO RUNOFF TRAVELS THROUGH THIS AREA. ANIMALS ARE COVERED WITH A MINIMUM OF 2 FEET OF COVER. SEE ATTACHED FSA MAP.

5. Clean Water Diversion Practices

Describe how clean water is diverted from production area:

CLEAN WATER IS DIVERTED FROM PRODUCTION AREA BY A NATURAL DIVIDE UPON WHICH THE BUILDINGS ARE LOCATED, AND DIKING BETWEEN BUILDINGS AND PRODUCTION AREA TO CHANNEL WATER FROM THE HOMESTEAD TO THE SOUTH. NATURAL DIVIDE REFLECTED ON MAP AS DOTTED LINE.

6. Prohibiting Animals and Wastes f. .n Contact with State Waters

Describe how animals and wastes are prohibited from direct contact with state waters:

LIVESTOCK WILL BE FENCED AWAY FROM ADJACENT DRAINAGES, GRASS FILTER STRIPS AND TREE: ROWS, AND LANDSCAPED AND TERRACED AREAS, A MINIMUM OF 150 FEET.

7. Chemicals and Contaminants

Describe how chemicals and other contaminants are handled on-site:

NO CHEMICALS ARE STORED WITHIN THE CONFINED FEEDING AREA. ALL CHEMICALS ARE STORED IN SHOP "A", WHICH HAS A CONCRETE FLOOR AND IS HEATED.

8. Best Management Practice (BMPS)

Describe in detail all temporary, permanent and structural Best Management Practices (BMPs) which will be used to control runoff of pollutants from facility's **production area**. Indicate the location of these measures. Include a schedule for implementation of each of these measures. Examples of BMP measures could include but are not limited to: constructing ditches, terraces, and waterways above an open lot to divert clean water run on; installing gutters, downspouts and buried conduits to divert roof drainage; providing more roofed area; decreasing open lot surface area; repairing or adjusting water systems to minimize water wastage; using practical amounts of water for cooling purposes; recycling water if practical and applicable.

EXISTING CORRALS AND BUILDINGS LOCATED SOUTH AND WEST OF CONFINEMENT AREAS WILL BE REMOVED. LAND IN FILTER STRIP AREA TO BE SHAPED AND SEEDED PER MT NRCS FILTER STRIP SPECS #393. CLEAN WATER FROM HOMESTEAD WILL BE CHANNELED TO THE SOUTH AWAY FROM THE SOUTH FEEDLOT. TERRACING AND DIKING WILL BE USED TO SLOW THE RUNOFF WHERE NECESSARY, FOR BOTH CLEAN WATER AND PRODUCTION AREA RUNOFF. FENCES AND A ROAD ON THE NORTH EDGE OF THE NORTH FEEDLOT WILL BE MOVED AND FILTER STRIPS INSTALLED.

Describe in detail all temporary, permanent and structural Best Management Practices (BMPs) which will be used to control runoff of pollutants from facility's **land application area**. Indicate the location of these practices. If not already in use, include a schedule for implementation of each of these measures. Attached details and specifications may be used to supplement this description. Examples of BMP measures could include but are not limited to: maintaining setbacks from surface waters for manure applications; managing irrigation practices to prevent ponding of wastewater on land application sites; never spray irrigating wastes onto frozen ground; consulting with the Department prior to applying any liquid waste to frozen or snow-covered ground; applying wastes at agronomic rates.

Plant sampling/tissue analysis	yes/no	Rotational grazing	yes/no
Conservation or reduced tillage	yes/no	Manure injection or incorporation	yes/no
Terraces or other water control structures	yes/no	Contour plantings	yes/no
Riparian buffers or vegetative filter strips	yes/no	Winter "scavenger" or cover crops	yes/no

Other examples

MANURE TO BE SPREAD ON PERMANENT CRESTED WHEATGRASS PASTURE. APPLIED WELL FROM DRAINAGE ON EAST AND NORTH.

9. Implementation, Operation, Maintenance and Record Keeping – Guidance

The permittee is required to develop guidance addressing implementation of NMP, proper operation and maintenance of the facility, and record keeping as described in Part II of the permit.

Has a guidance document been developed for the facility? [X] Yes [ ] No

Certify the document addresses the following requirements:

Implementation of the NMP:	[X] Yes	[ ] No
Facility operation and maintenance:	[X] Yes	[ ] No
Record keeping and reporting:	[X] Yes	[ ] No
Sample collection and analysis:	[X] Yes	[ ] No
Manure transfer:	[ ] Yes	[X] No

Provide name, date and location of most recent documentation:

MANAGEMENT PLAN PER NMP AND CNMP DATED 2/11/09.

If your answer to any of the above question is no, provide explanation

NONE TRANSFERRED

Section E – Land Application

Will manure be land applied to land either owned, rented, or leased by the owner or operator of the facility?

☐ No If no, then provide an explanation of how animal waste at this site are managed.

☒ Yes If yes, then the information requested in Section E must be provided.

SEE ATTACHED TOPO AND FSA MAPS

Photos and/or Maps

Attach an aerial photograph or map of the site where manure is to be applied. (Use multiple photos/maps if necessary to show required details.) The photo(s)/map(s) must be printed on no larger than an 11"x17" piece of paper, and must clearly identify the following items:

- Individual field boundaries for all planned land application areas
- A name, number, letter or other means of identifying each individual land application field
- The location of any down-gradient surface waters
- The location of any down-gradient open tile line intake structures
- The location of any down-gradient sinkholes
- The location of any down-gradient agricultural well heads
- The location of all conduits to surface waters
- The specific manure/waste handling or nutrient management restrictions associated with each land application field.
- The soil type(s) present and their locations within the individual land application field(s)
- The location of buffers and setbacks around state surface waters, well heads, etc.

Land Application Equipment Calibration TECHNIQUE OF DEQ9 OR THEIR OWN PAGE 22 & 23

Describe the type of equipment used to land apply wastes and the calibrating procedures:

COMMERCIAL SPREADERS WILL BE HIRED. DOCUMENTATION OF THE METHOD OF CALIBRATION WILL BE OBTAINED FROM THEM AS TO TYPE AND METHOD OF CALIBRATION.

Manure Sampling and Analysis Procedures

A representative manure sample will be analyzed a minimum of once annually for Total Nitrogen, and Total Phosphorus. Analysis results will be reported in lbs/ton or lbs/1,000 gal. Results of these analyses will be used in determining application rates for manure, litter, and process wastewater.

Manure Sample collection will occur according to the following method:

☐ The recommended method(s) found in Section 5 of Department Circular DEQ 9 PAGE 21

☒ Other (describe) ANNUALLY, ASKING FOR RESULTS IN POUNDS PER TON

Soil Sampling and Analysis Procedures

A representative soil sample from the top 6 inch layer of soil in each field will be analyzed for phosphorus content at least once every five years. Analyses will be conducted by a qualified laboratory, using the Olsen P test. Results will be reported in parts per million (ppm) and will be used in determining application rates for manure, litter, and process wastewater.

Soil sample collection will occur according to the following method:

☒ The recommended method(s) found in Section 5 of Department Circular DEQ 9 PAGE 22

☐ Other (describe) TEST EVERY FIVE (5) YEARS. SEE ATTACHED LETTER FROM FALLON/CARTER EXTENSION AGENT. TESTING TO BE DONE BY LOCAL AGRONOMY CENTER.

MONTANA
STATE UNIVERSITY
EXTENSION

02/09/09

To: Montana Department of Environmental Quality

From: Nico Cantalupo, MSU Fallon/Carter Counties Extension Agent

Fallon & Carter Counties

RE: Soil Nitrate and Phosphorous Levels for Fallon County

With regards to the levels of Nitrate and Phosphorous typically found in the soils in Fallon County. Using the Olsen P or bicarbonate P tests our soils typically run from 8-10 ppm which would qualify them as low or not a lot of phosphorous is available in our soils. For nitrates or N which is expressed in pounds available per acre, the same holds true as phosphorous the available N in our soils is low, typically less than 20# available per acre. With these levels you can also conclude that the organic matter, OM, levels are typically well below 2%.

10 W. Fallon
P.O. Box 850
Baker, MT 59313-0850
www.msuextension.org

Tel (406) 778-7110
Fax (406) 778-3431
Email falloncarter1@montana.edu

Mountains & Minds

Land Application Data-Narrative approach

The following must be filled out <u>for each field</u> to which manure, litter or process wastewater will or may be applied for the period of the permit (5 years). Use as many sheets as necessary to fulfill this requirement. **<u>Fields with identical crops and soil types may be grouped together.</u>**

Crops and Manure	
Crop 1 (year 1 or ?) plant species	CRESTED WHEATGRASS
Irrigated (Y/N)	N/A
Yield Goal (ton/ac or bushel/ac) FERT GUIDE P. 48 DEQ9	3/4 T/AC
N Content of soil as nitrate (lbs/acre or ppm) P. 52	16 #/AC - COUNTY AVE.
P Content of soil as P_2O_5 (lbs/acre or ppm) P. 69	8 - 10 PPM
Time of Year When Application will Occur (month)	AUGUST
Application frequency (per year by month)	1 TIME PER YEAR
Form of manure (liquid/solid)	SOLID
Method of Application	COMMERCIAL SPREADER
Is manure incorporated or broadcast?	BROADCAST
Frequency of Application (yearly, biannual, etc.?)	ANNUAL
Crop 2	
Irrigated (Y/N)	
Yield Goal (ton/ac or bushel/ac)	
N Content of soil as Nitrate (lbs/acre or ppm)	
P Content of soil as P_2O_5 (lbs/acre or ppm)	
Time of Year When Application will Occur (month)	
Application frequency (per year, by month)	
Form of manure (liquid/solid)	
Method of Application	
Is manure broadcast, injected or incorporated?	
Frequency of Application (Annual, Biannual, ,etc?)	

Phosphorus Risk Assessment

The permittee shall assess the risk of phosphorus contamination of state waters. An assessment shall be conducted for each field, under the control of the operator, to which manure, litter or process wastewater will or may be applied. If a new field is added in the future, then the permittee must submit a revised (modified) NMP. The permittee has the option of using either Method A or Method B (below) to complete the assessment. Copies of all tables and calculations used to complete the assessments, as well as the results of the assessments, shall be submitted to the Department and copies shall be maintained on-site at the facility and available for Departmental review. The results of the assessments shall be used to determine the appropriate basis for land application of wastes from the facility.

Method Used

Indicate which method will be used to determine phosphorus application:

[X] Method A – Representative Soil Sample
[ ] Method B – Phosphorus Index

Method A – Representative Soil Sample

a) Obtain one or more representative soil sample(s) from the field.
b) Have the sample analyzed for Phosphorus by a qualified lab. The "Olsen P test" must be used for the analysis, and the result must be reported in parts per million (ppm).
c) Using the results of the Olsen P test, determine the application basis according to the Table below

Soil Test	
Olsen P Soil Test Result (ppm)	Application Basis
<25.0	Nitrogen Needs Of Crop
25.1 - 100.0	Phosphorus Needs Of Crop
100.0 - 150.0	Phosphorus Needs up to Crop Removal Rate
>150.0	No Application

Method B – Phosphorus Index N/A

a) Complete a Phosphorus Index according to for each crop grown on each field. Complete table in Appendix A to calculate phosphorus index. For information on filling out specific sections Appendix A, please refer to Attachment 2 of Department Circular DEQ 9.
b) Using the calculated Total Phosphorus Index Value, assign the overall site/field vulnerability to phosphorus loss according to the table below.

Total Phosphorus	
Total Phosphorus Index Value	Site Vulnerability to Phosphorus Loss
<11	Low
11-21	Medium
22-43	High
>43	Very High

c) Using the calculated Site Vulnerability to Phosphorus Loss, determine the appropriate application basis according to the table below.

Site Vulnerability to Phosphorus Loss	
Site Vulnerability to Phosphorus Loss	Application Basis
Low	Nitrogen Needs
Medium	Nitrogen Needs
High	Phosphorus Need Up to Crop Removal
Very High	Phosphorus Crop Removal or No Application

d) The permittee will complete the *Nutrient Budget Worksheet*, below, for e[illegible] crop grown on each field to which manure or process waste water is or may be applied during the first year of application. A copy of each Nutrient Budget Worksheet will be maintained on site, and a copy will be submitted to the Department.

Nutrient Budget Worksheet			
Site/Field:			
	Crop Nutrient Needs, lbs/acre included in Department Circular DEQ 9 P.52	15#/AC	N/A
(-)	Credits from previous legume crops, lbs/acre (from DEQ-9), as applicable	-0-	N/A
(-)	Residuals from past manure production, lbs/acre (lbs/acre applied in previous year(s) x fractions listed in DEQ-9)	-0-	N/A
(-)	Nutrients supplied by commercial fertilizer and Biosolids, lbs/acre	-0-	N/A
(-)	Nutrients supplied in irrigation water, lbs/acre	-0-	N/A
(A)	**= Additional Nutrients Needed, lbs/acre**	15#/AC	N/A
	Total Nitrogen and Phosphorus in manure, lbs/ton or lbs/1,000 gal (from manure test)	TABLE 2 DEQ 9 P.14 21	N/A
(x)	Nutrient Avalability factor (for Nitrogen based application see DEQ-9, below; for Phosphorus based application use 1.0)	TABLES 11,12 P. 27 & 28 DEQ .5	N/A
(B)	**= Available Nutrients in Manure, lbs/ton or lbs/1,000 gal**	10.5#/TON	N/A
(A)	Additional Nutrients needed, lbs/acre (calculated above)	15#/TON	N/A
(/) (B)	Available Nutrients in Manure, lbs/ton or lbs/1,000 gal (calculated above)	10.5#/TON	N/A
A/B	**= Manure Application Rate, tons/acre or 1,000 gal/acre**	1.43 T/AC	N/A

Comments:

ONLY CROP IS CRESTED WHEATGRASS. NO CROP ROTATION.

NO PLAN "B"

MANURE APPLICATION RATES WILL BE ADJUSTED ANNUALLY BASED UPON

MANURE ANALYSIS AND SOIL SAMPLES.

Section F – CERTIFICATION

Permittee Information:

This Form NMP must be completed, signed, and certified as follows:

- For a corporation, by a principal officer of at least the level of vice president;
- For a partnership or sole proprietorship, by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively; or
- For a municipality, state, federal, or other public facility, by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official.

All Permittees Must Complete the Following Certification:

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information; including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. [75-5-633, MCA]

A. Name (Type or Print)

DEAN WANG

B. Title (Type or Print)

OWNER

C. Phone No.

406-778-3672 H
406-778-3382 W

D. Signature

Dean Wang

E. Date Signed

2/11/09

Return the Form NMP, Nutrient Management Plan to:

Department of Environmental Quality
Water Protection Bureau
PO Box 200901
Helena, MT 59620-0901
(406) 444-3080

RECEIVED
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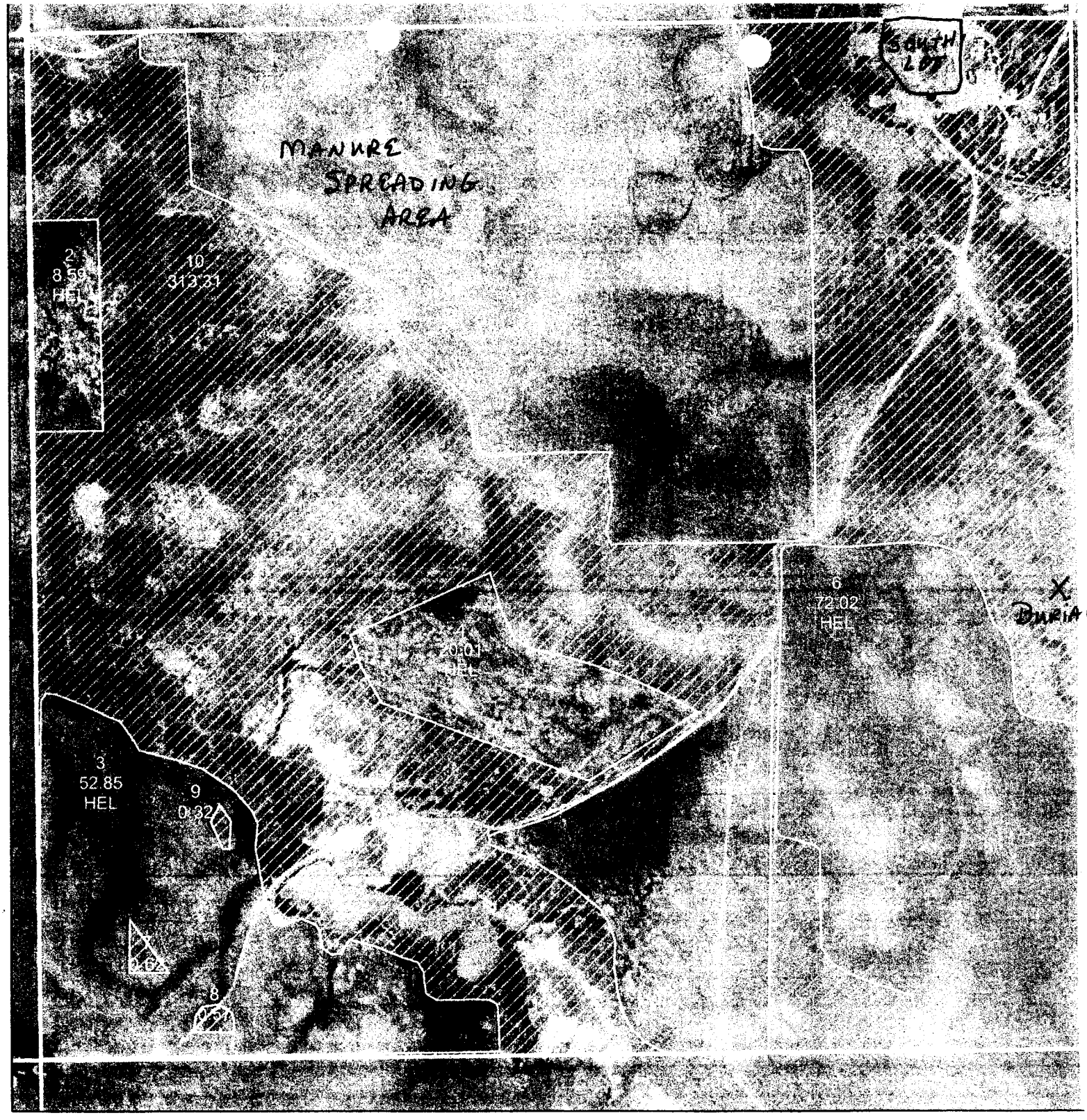
DEQ/WPB
PERMITTING & COMPLIANCE DIV.



February 14, 2008

Farm - Tract
2266---1632

Section-Township-Range
4 6 59

Dean Wang

Fallon County

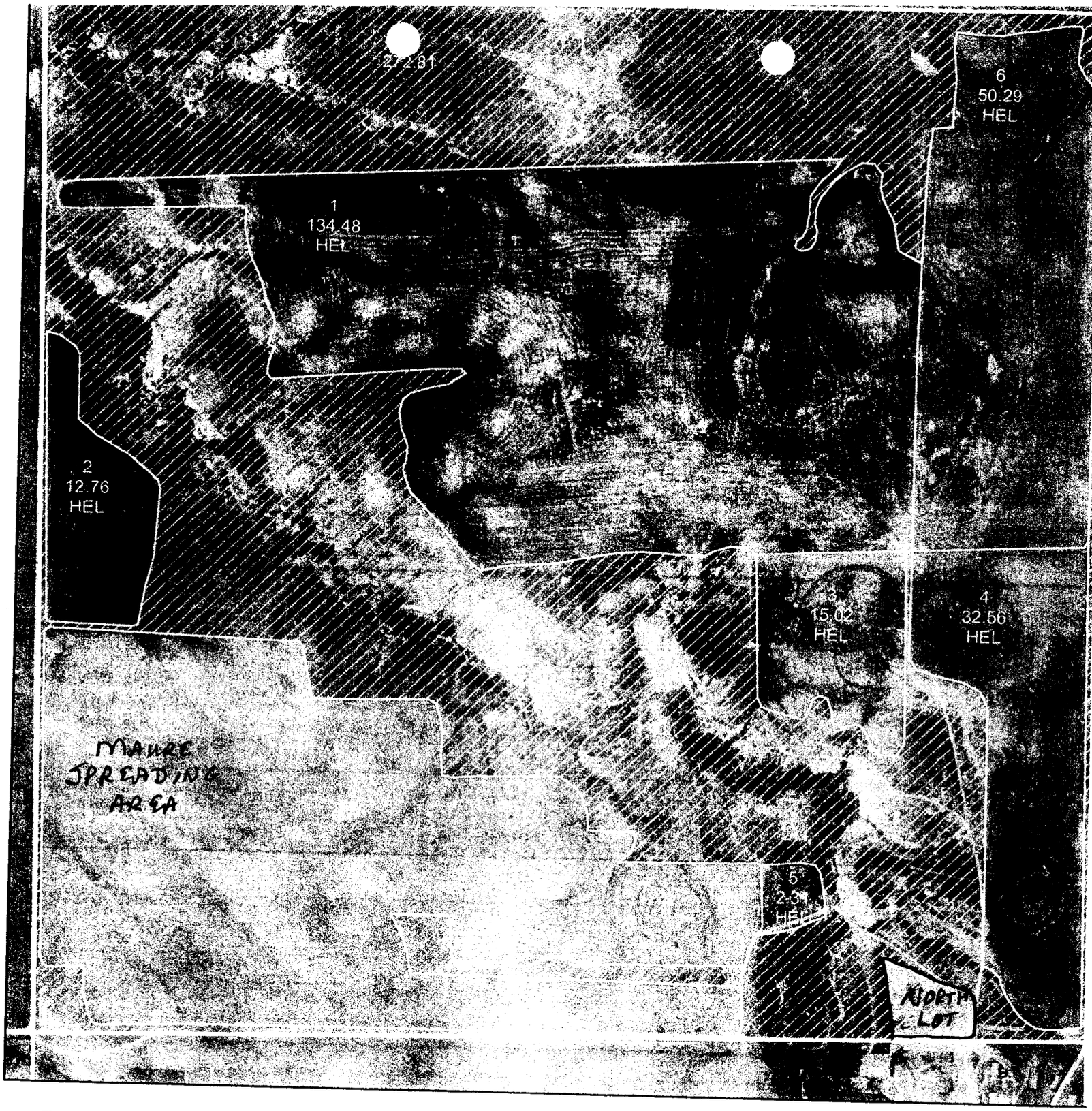
Rangeland

USDA
Farm Service Agency

N

This map is for USDA-FSA Program administration only. There is no guarantee or representation as to the accuracy, currency, suitability or reliability for any other purpose. The user accepts the map"As Is"and assumes all risks associated with its use. Map is to scale, but vary from map to map.

Disclaimer: Wetland identifiers do not represent the size, shape or specific determination of the area. Refer to your original determination (CPA-026 and attached maps) for exact wetland boundaries and determinations, or contact NRCS.



February 14, 2008

Farm - Tract
2266---1202

Section-Township-Range
33 7 59

Dean Wang

Fallon County

Rangeland

USDA
Farm Service Agency

N

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Section 4 T6N R59E
FALLON COUNTY
MONTANA
1" = 335'

Quantities:

1. Filter Strip = 1.0 Ac.
2. Filter strip = 2.8 Ac.
3. Shaping = 3.6 Ac.
4. Seed = see seed specification
5. Perimeter Fence (moved Portion) = 1180 ft
6. Perimeter Fence North Pen = 330 ft

DESIGN NOTES:

1. The current system is setup to operate with an average of 400 head and a maximum of 500 hd, on approximately 6.0 acres including feed storage area.

2. The existing system has a functioning clean water diversion. The feed/access road running north and south directs runoff from the drainage area east of the county road mainly the farm yard, around the pens. This drainage is fairly small due to the county road culvert locations.

3. The existing shoots and working corals located on the south west along with a corner of the north lot will be removed and revegetated. The working coral area will be placed back into nutrient loving vegetation and managed as filter strips. The north corner will simply be reclaimed, eliminating the portions of this lot that runs into the creek with little treatment.

4. The access road to the holds on the west side of the creek will be moved to the other side of the draw, this area will be planted into the filter strip for the north pen. There will be approximately 2.0 acres filtered by 1.0 acres of filter (300 ft wide with a treatment flow length of 140 ft). This area will be mowed to encourage the vegetation to keep utilizing the nutrients provided by the runoff. The upper portion of the filter strip may need to be cleaned occasionally to prevent a solid buildup. Another management option would be to graze as a riparian pasture (intense short duration grazing), however this isn't an option until vegetation is fully established.

5. The second Filter strip will be located where the working facilities are removed and all the area east of the permeal area. There will be approximately 4.0 acres of lots flowing across 2.8 acres of filter strip (670 ft in width with a treatment flow length of 140 ft to 240ft, avg 180 ft.) This area will be mowed to encourage the vegetation to keep utilizing the nutrients provided by runoff. The upper porbon of the filter strip may need to be cleaned occasionally to prevent a solid buildup. Another management option would be to graze as riparian pastures (intense short duration grazing), however this isn't an option until vegetation is fully established.

6. Grass shall be established in the reclaimed areas. The reclaimed areas will need to be planted to a plant species that can handle the nutrients until grass can be established. A couple years of grain is a possibility, then soil test and plant to grass if levels are reasonable. Another options is to harvest the kosha when palatable removing the nutrients this way and feeding kosha as a hay product, then once again test soil and plant to grass when levels are tolerable by the required grass species stated in the Critical Area Seeding Specification.

7. The lots naturally are graded to one filter strip or the other and there shall be no ponding of water in the pens. When cleaning the pens do not push manure along the fence line, as we want the runoff to have access to the filter in a laminar flow pattern.

8. The filter strips will be constructed to meet Montana NRCS Filter Strip Specification 393 for managing runoff and bacteria from livestock confinement areas. The filter strip will have section widths based on the ability to achieve the no greater than a 0.5% slope across the width to insure laminar flow. The total width of the filter strips are 300 ft and 670 ft, the width of both perimeter fences. The flow length required is a minimum of 100 ft bases on the slope of 1%-3% and a loamy soil, but shall be constructed to a length of 140 ft minimum as space is available and allows this. This will mean 100% of the 2 yr storm event is contained in the filter strip. Runoff from the 24 yr 25hr event would be 75% contained at a length of 78 to 118 ft therefore at 140 ft (North filter) and 180 ft (west filter) filter strip length, runoff if any leaving the filter strip will not be significant and will not be a point source with the additional buffer between the filter strips and state water.

9. Vegetation shall be planted to utilize the nutrients in the full soil profile following the Filter Strip Job sheet 393. This vegetation will use the nutrients throughout the root zone of 5 ft, by planting species with different rooting depths, and season of use. There is also the suggestion of planting with shallow corrugations to help insure laminar flow the full length of the filter strip.

10. The soil type based on the NRCS soil Survey and a hole dug on the site is a Loam and Clay loam and more silty clay loam closer to the creek. The filter should adequately treat the runoff with a variety of species to utilize the nutrients in the entire root zone. No sign of ground water in the hole dug - backhoe 6+ ft.

Soil Profile
0-8" Loam
8-60" Clay loam

11. Lot cleaning and manure application shall follow the NRCS developed Nutrient Management Plan (NMP). The lots are cleaned post spring runoff and early summer rain storms. Ideal cleaning time would be early fall, September or October. NRCS suggest leaving several inches of manure, approximately 4, when cleaning to act as a sponge should a storm immediately follow cleaning or prior to animals reestablishing the manure pack. The manure will act as a sponge and decrease the volume of runoff from the system. The removed manure shall be applied at plant use rates on cropped fields and incorporated into the soil as per your NMP, based on current soils sample and manure samples results. The test results, from both samples, will be brought to the local NRCS office for guidance on application rate.

		Date
Designed	A. Carter	6/2006
Drawn	A.Carter	6/2006
Checked		
Approved		

PLAN MAP
AFO – EQIP
DEAN WANG

FALLON COUNTY MONTANA

NRCS
Natural Resources Conservation Service
United States Department of Agriculture

File Name
layoutsheet.dwg

Drawing No.
MT-LY-BAKER-2006

Sheet 2 of 3